ARMENIA TO BE A REPUBLIC

Sovereignty Will Be Guaranteed by Presence of Allied Troops in Constantinople

GREECE TO RULE SMYRNA.

League of Nations Reported to Have Been Slighted Since It Offered to Guide Nation if Supplied With Funds.

San Remo.—The Supreme Council decided that Armenia would be created an independent state. This action was taken because neither the United States nor any other power was willing to accept a mandate over the country.

The comment of those in close relayet been defined, and the new republic will probably be rather contracted, as it is believed that the smaller the country the more easily can it take care of itself, because if too many Turks are left within its confines they might overthrow the government.

The comment o fthose in close relation with the council is that the League of Nations has been rather slightingly treated respecting Armenia. The council sent a somewhat vague letter to the league asking it to take the mandate. The league executive at a meeting in Paris replied favorably, but called attention to the fact that it had no funds and no staff, suggesting that the council should authorize an international loan guaranteed by the powers composing the council.

It is understood that if the league had been provided with money it might have arranged with neutral governments to exercise the mandate under supervision of the league. Among the smaller powers so mentioned are Canada, especially, and if Canada would not accept, then Sweden or Spain.

The council leaves Smyrna under the suzerainty of Turkey, but places the city and province under the administration of Greece.

The Turkish treaty has been almost finished by the council. Premier Nitti gave his opinion of the treaty in the remarks he made to the council, saying: "I am constrained to tell you that this treaty, to my mind, is a more imperfect production than anything the peace conference has done."

"You will have war in Asia Minor, and Italy will not send a single soldier nor pay a single lira," said Signor Nitti later in an interview.

"You have taken from the Turks their sacred city of Adrianople," he said. "You have placed their capital city under foreign control; you have taken from them every port and the larger part of their territory, and the five Turkish delegates whom you will select will sign a treaty which will not have the sanction of the Turkish people or the Turkish parliament."

In its discussions over relations with Russia it is understood the council will not treat the subject as an allied question. It has already been decided that as the allies were not at war with Russia, each ally is free to have such intercourse or non-intercourse as it may deem fit.

ADMIRALL BRITTAIN A SUICIDE.

Chief of Staff of Atlantic Fleet Shoots Himself in Cuban Waters.

Washington.—Rear Admiral Carlo B. Brittain, chief of staff for Admiral Henry B. Wilson, commander of the Atlantic fleet, committed suicide by shooting while on duty with the fleet in Cuban waters.

Admiral Wilson in advising the navy department of Admiral Brittain's death gave no reason for the admiral's act. The body will be brought to the United States on the hospital ship Solace.

Admiral Brittain was born at Pineville, Ky., fifty-three years ago, and was graduated from the Naval Academy in 1888. During the Spanish-American War he served on the cruisers Newark and Brooklyn and the auxiliary Badger, with the rank of lieutenant. For his services at the battle of Santiago he was awarded the Sampson medal.

FAVORS COLD STORAGE BILL.

Measure Providing for Stamping Wholesale Shoe Prices.

Washington.—Responding to the demand for relief from the high cost of living, the Senate Agriculture Committee ordered a favorable report on the bill to regulate cold storage of foodstuffs, introduced by Senator Gronna of North Dakota. The bill was amended to omit fresh fruit and vegetables from the act, leaving it applicable only to fresh meats, fish, poultry, game, eggs and butter.

395 SHELLS FOR EACH LIFE.

Statistician Finds 3,690,000 Fell in France in Five Months.

Paris—Dr. Mercher, a member of the French Academy of Medicine, after an extended investigation, has determined that during a period of five months in 1917, a total of 3,690,000 shells fell on the front of the three French armies. The shells, according to Dr. Mercher, killed 13,265 men and wounded 55,412. According to his figures, it took 395 shells to kill one man, and half as many to wound one.

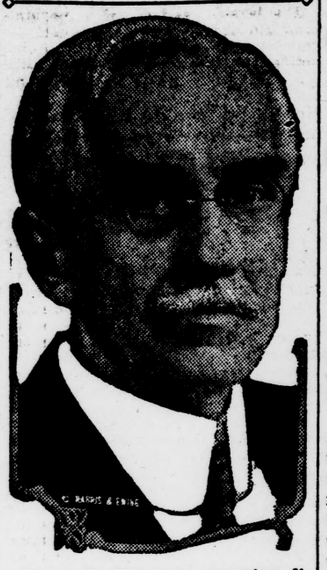
BRITISH ENVOY SEES COLBY.

Many New Ambassadors Waiting to Call on President.

Washington.—Sir Auckland Geddes was received by Secretary Colby when he called to present his credentials. The President has received none of the new ambassadors and ministers since he was taken ill in September. The envoys waiting to present their credentials are the Belgian, Japanese, Italian, Peruvian and Brazilian ambassadors and the ministers from Uruguay, Poland and Switzerland.

GEORGE D. HAMPTON.

Managing Director of Farmers' National Council



George D. Hampton, managing director of the Farmers' National council, has announced that 750,000 farmers have joined the political campaign of organized labor and predicts that by working together the farmers and organized labor can capture enough congressional districts to give these two interests the balance of power in the next congress.

HANDS-OFF POLICY IN OUTLAW STRIKE

President Will Leave Adjustment of Wage Controversy in Hands of Railway Labor Board.

Washington—President Wilson is to pursue a distinctly hands-off policy with regard to the outlaw railroad strike. He will leave the question of the settlement of the wage controversy entirely in the hands of the Railroad Labor Board.

This flat statement came from the White House following a conference between Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to the President, and chiefs of the railroad brotherhoods.

Warren S. Stone, Brotherhood of Railroad Engineers; L. E. Sheppard, Brotherhood of Railway Conductors, and W. M. Doak, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, saw Secretary Tumulty and informed him that a rumor, circulated among the striking yardmen in Jersey City, was that the President intended to intercede in behalf of the strikers with the Railroad Labor Board.

This rumor, the Brotherhood chiefs told Secretary Tumulty, had resulted in further walkouts in Jersey City and they feared it would have a disastrous effect throughout the country. They asked Secretary Tumulty if the President really had made any move toward intercession in behalf of the strikers and were emphatically informed that he had not.

"The President rests the entire question of a possible adjustment of the demands of all railway workers with the Railroad Labor Board," was the statement authorized by Secretary Tumulty.

S. E. Heberling, president of the Switchmen's Union, presented wage demands of the railroad switchmen to the Railroad Labor Board. The men ask for a wage advance of 58 per cent. Mr. Heberling claimed that switchmen's work was more hazardous than that of any other body of railway workers.

Demands of the conductors for increased wages were laid before the board by L. E. Sheppard, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Conductors, who asked substantial increases in pay to meet the high cost of living, and allowances for the expenses of the men while away from home.

WORLD NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

BERLIN.—Negotiations, interrupted by the revolt, have now been completed by the German import department with an American packing firm for a supply of bacon, meat, lard, milk and other fats on a credit basis to a total of $45,000,000.

NEW YORK.—Railroad managers rejected flatly the appeal of the insurgent railway strikers that they be permitted to return to work without loss of their seniority rights. Nothing was said about higher wages or shorter hours. All the men ask is their jobs back on the basis prior to the walkout.

PARIS.—Former Premier Jos. Caillaux was found guilty of having had commerce with the enemy by the High Court of the Senate. The vote was 150 to 91. The crime for which M. Caillaux was convicted calls for a maximum banishment sentence of five years.

DES MOINES, IOWA.—Instructions to cast 22 of Iowa's 25 votes at the Republican National Convention for Gov. F. P. Lowden for President were given by the Republican State Convention and district caucuses. No instructions were given the other four delegates by their districts.

AMSTERDAM. — Negotiations with the Reformed Church at Wieringen for the purchase of a local presbytery "as a permanent residence for the former Crown Prince of Germany" have been begun by the Dutch government.

BUTTE, MONT.—Fourteen men, believed to be Industrial Workers of the World strike pickets, and one policeman are in hospitals suffering from gunshot wounds sustained in a clash near the Neversweat mine after a prolonged strike.

BERLIN.—German government concluded negotiations for representation at the Vatican.

TRAP CARRANZA IN MEXICO CITY

Cutting of Guadalajara Line Leaves Vera Cruz Only Avenue of Retreat.

MORE STATES IN REVOLT.

Rebels Control Half of State of Sinaloa—Gen. Comez, After Capturing Tuxpan, Is Marching on Tampico Stronghold.

Washington.—Two more states have joined the revolution against President Carranza of Mexico, according to information received here.

They are Hidalgo and Tlaxcala, Authentic reports also were received that the railway line from Mexico City to Guadalajara had been cut by the rebels, leaving Carranza only the exit by way of Vera Cruz, which was thought to be in danger of seizure by the rebels. These developments, together with the fact that Carranza is hemmed in on three sides by revolutionists, led observers of Mexican affairs to believe the Mexican President's position is serious.

The cutting of the railroad line to Guadalajara indicated the extent of the rebel activity in the rich state of Jalisco, of which Guadalajara is the capital. The railway line from the capital to Laredo, Texas over 800 miles in length, is likewise at the mercy of rebels at several points.

The report that General Gomez commanding federal troops at Tuxpam, the vastly important East Coast port for oil shipments from the Tampico oil fields, had revolted against Carranza was confirmed. It is believed highly probable hehe that Gomez has joined forces with Gen. Manuel Palaez, the well-known Tampico oil field rebel who has defied Carranza forces to drive him from valuable oil-bearing territories for years. The forces of Palaez are of redoubtable fighting ability, having stood off and harassed superior federal forces for years.

The defection of the Gomez force is more alarming from Carranza's point of view than any one of the series of developments during the past week. Practically every railroad engine in Mexico burns oil. Oil is the very life blood of Mexican railway transportation, Mexican railways depend on the Tampico oil fields for their sole supply.

Reports regarding the spread of the revolution said that the Carranza garrisons at Tuxtla and San Andres, in the state of Tlaxcala, east of Mexico City, have joined Obregon. These forces were the most important numerically in that small state and their action may be interpreted as meaning that the entire state is entering general revolt.

The latest development reported in the northern state of Chihuahua—Villa's territory—is the revolt of federal troops under General Soriano. The State Department heard confirmatory news of the revolt of Gen. Fortunato Maycott, in Guerrero, with his entire command. This command is large, comprising both cavalry and infantry. General Obregon is believed personally commanding all the revolted Carranza troops, not only in Guerrera, but those in Michocan, Morelos and Tlaxcala, together with the forces from other states south, east and west of Mexico City.

If all reports have been correct during the last six days, the Obregonista forces are now on three sides of the capital, within striking distance. Carranza in the mean time has been massing his most loyal troops, as if anticipating the rebel move in the immediate vicinty of the capital, and reinforcing the garrisons along the railway line to Vera Cruz. He is getting ready to put up a fight and escape to Vera Cruz in the event the battle goes against him.

The Mexico City-Vera Cruz railway line crosses the state of Tlaxcala where the two important garrisons of Tuxtla and San Andres are just reported to have revolted. It is possible that escape may already be jeopardized and that Carranza will elect to fight it out with Obregon's newly gained forces at or south of the capital

LOUISIANA SUGAR CROP LOW.

1919 Product 242,000,000 Pounds, Half of 1918 Output.

Washington.—Louisiana produced in 1919 only 242,000,000 pounds of sugar, as compared with 561,800,000 in 1918, 487,200,000 in 1917 and 607,800,000 in 1916. The 22 sugar parishes produced only 2,510,000 gallons of syrup, as compared with 10,793,000 in 1918 and 5,652,000 in 1917. The entire state produced in 1919 only 3,672,000 gallons of syrup. The molasses production for 1919 was 12,991,000 gallons.

CONTROL OF THE DARDANELLES.

It Will Be Exercised by Two International Commissions.

San Remo—The plans for the control of the Dardanelles were formulated by the Supreme Council. The control will be exercised by two international commissions. One of these, an administrative body, will regulate the traffic, fix the dues for the use of the straits and supervise affairs much the same as the Suez Canal Commission does for the Suez waterway. The other body will be a military commission.

TWO IN NEBRASKA FOR WOOD.

General Carries Omaha District; Outside Is All Johnson.

Omaha—Senator Johnson failed to get sixteen of the Republican delegates in this State, returns showed. Gen. Leonard Wood carried the Second district, which includes Omaha, and the two delegates from that district will be instructed for Wood. Returns also indicate William J. Bryan would be elected a candidate for delegate-at-large to the national convention. He was running fourth.

MISS KITTY DALTON.

Working in K. of C. Hut in New York City

Miss Kitty Dalton, said to be the prettiest Irish girl in New York city, who has rejected many enticing film offers so that she may still serve as a secretary in the Knights of Columbus hut at Forty-sixth street and Broadway.

WAR TAXES DODGED BY 300,000 FIRMS

Delinquent Collections Aggregated $19,051,000, Asserts Official Report.

Washington.—Despite the government's wartime appeal for tax payments as a patriotic duty, more than 300,000 firms and individuals failed to make honest returns under the revenue laws the last two years, the Bureau of Internal Revenue announced. In a six months' drive, which ended February 1, $19,051,000 in delinquent taxes were collected, Commissioner Williams reported.

"The amazingly large number" of persons who did not respond to the government's appeal has caused treasury officials to consider the delinquent tax payment problem a grave one. A new roundup of alleged delinquents has been instituted to cover the tax period on which returns were made March 15.

Of the total delinquents 131,386 had not paid any income taxes, and an additional 44,260 did not pay the full amount of taxes due. From these two sources approximately $11,000,000 was collected.

Discovery was made also, the report said, that 164,590 firms had not turned over to the government the entire amount of the so-called luxury taxes. Internal revenue collectors in all cases forced the delinquents to make good the entire amount as well as pay a heavy penalty.

The bureau estimated that for the present year more than 7,000,000 firms and individuals will pay federal taxes. It is utilizing every avenue of information to check up on "tax slackers."

The drive reached every part of the country and every class of taxpayers. In one district verification of the 1040A returns disclosed 9,459 returns on which were due in additional taxes $457,586.

In the collection districts which includes New York city discovery was made of 70,000 delinquent non-resident aliens who were returning to foreign shores. Taxes and penalties secured from these delinquents amounted to $2,500,000.

LATEST EVENTS AT WASHINGTON

American warships have been sent to both coasts of Mexico in response to requests from American citizens for the protection of interests and their property during the present unsettled situation.

Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska withdrew from the contest for the Democratic leadership of the Senate.

Attorney-General Palmer asked Congress for $500,000 for prosecuting criminals and detecting crime, in addition to $2,600,000 already appropriated for the current year.

A shortage of farm labor threatens to curtail food production.

A tax on all stock exchange transactions equal to the brokers' commission has been agreed on tentatively by Republican members of the house ways and means committee as one of the new levies for raising money for the soldier bonus legislation.

Seasonal freight rates on bituminous coal would be "a long step in the right direction," Eugene McAuliffe, representing a committee of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, said before the Senate committee considering Senator Frelinghuysen's bill proposing establishment of such reduced rates.

Senator Knox of Pennsylvania was assigned by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee to the task of writing the new peace resolution that will be reported to the senate as a substitute for the Porter resolution recently passed by the House of Representatives.

Suggestion has been made to the allied governments by the State Department that there be granted an extension to Germany of the agreement which expires on April 10 and which permitted the presence of limited German forces within the neutral zone.

NASH

QUICK AND ECONOMICAL TRANSPORTATION

INBUILT Quality of Nash Trucks is absolutely assured by the reputation and standing in the industry of the big Nash institution itself. The automatic locking differential prevents loss of power through spinning of either driving wheel and enables Nash Trucks to make quicker and safer deliveries.

Nash Trucks are operated by Morris & Company, The Standard Oil Company, The Palmolive Company, and The Standard Steel Foundries, as well as many other nationally known concerns.

H. V. BUCKSON

St. Georges, Deleware

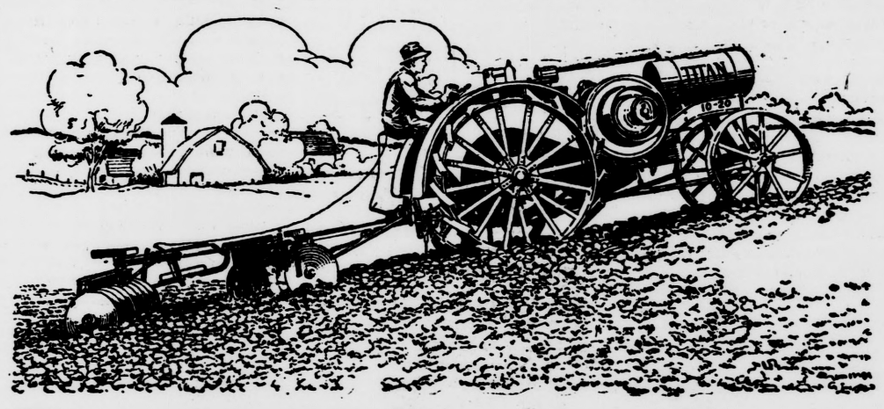
The Shannahan & Wrightson Hdwe Co.,

Easton, Maryland

NASH TRUCKS

One-Ton Chassis, $1785, Two-Ton Chassis, $2395, Nash Quad Chassis, $3250

Prices F. O. B. Kenosha (609)



Titan 10-20 Kerosene Tractor

REMEMBER this when you buy a tractor—Harvester service is a reliable and very important thing you get "thrown in" when you buy the tractor named above. It safeguards your entire outfit—Power, Machine, Hitch! Later on, if you need a tractor part you will get it with the same dispatch and certainty of perfect fit that you have experienced in connection with your binders and mowers.

Titan 10-20 kerosene tractor is built to operate from start to finish on low-priced kerosene (coal oil), or distillate. It does more than simply run on kerosene—it delivers its full-rated horse power or does any kind of work within its capacity on any kind of oil fuel above 39 degrees Baume.

This means that at the present prices of gasoline and kerosene in this locality you will save fully one-half your fuel costs over a tractor of equal horse power operating on gasoline. Getting down to a dollars-and-cents basis, if a **Titan 10-20** is used, you will be able to make a saving of $1,000 on fuel alone in five years of 1,000 hours' work each.

A **Titan 10-20** will furnish dependable power in all seasons. For field, road or belt work it can be used day and night if the case demands. It will do this work at the least possible expense. It will be to your advantage to know the **Titan 10-20.** Come in and look it over. The best time is now.

Sold by

J. F. McWHORTER & SON

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

John E. Smith

Up-to-date PLUMBING, TEAM FITTING, PUMP REPAIRING, &c.

A share of your patronage is Solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed

Phone 98. East Main Street

Middletown, Delaware

JAMES J. ROSS, President. WM. DENNEY Secretary and Treasurer

—INCORPORATED 1847—

Kent County Mutual Insurance Co.

DOVER, DEL.

Insures Property Against FIRE and LIGHTNING

BUSINESS CONDUCTED ON THE MUTUAL SYSTEM

Has Returned to its Policy-Holders in Dividends and Surrendered Policies ove

$700,000.00

Present Membership Over Nine Thousand, With Over

$13,000,000.00 INSURANCE IN FORCE

AGENTS

WM. B. JESTER, Agent, Delaware City. D. B. MALONEY, Agent Townsend

AGENTS IN ALL THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS

The Middletown Transcript

Published every Saturday Morning

—AT—

Middletown, New Castle Co, Delaware

—BY—

The Middletown Transcript Co.

(INCORPORATED)

MIDDLETOWN, DEL., MAY 1st, 1920

"LEAGUE" BUBBLE BURSTS

THE truth about that pipe-dream delusion of a League of Nations that was to prove the age-sought panacea for all international troubles; that was to banish all wars and bring about earlier than the Lord's prophet had designed the blessed millennium day when "swords should be beaten into plowshares and spears into pruning hooks;" —the truth, we say, about this silly dream of a visionary who "heard voices in the air," is out at last, and it is the "big chief" of the four big nations promoting that visionary scheme, who "lets the cat out of the bag," Lloyd George. Hear his startling admissions:

"SAN REMO, April 21.—What virtually amounts to the deathknell of the league of nations as now constituted, was sounded by Premier Lloyd George this morning when, after having hastily summoned the French and the Italian premiers, he delivered an impassioned speech hotly denouncing the present organization of the league as a time-losing machine likely to endanger rather than help the peace of the world.

The British premier's startling pronouncement was provoked by France's protest against the supreme council's proposal to grant Germany another three months' delay in evacuating the Ruhr region. Premier Millerand had complained that one of the vital provisions of the league calls for the immediate disarmament of Germany. The covenant's clause on this point applies to all countries.

Premier Lloyd George launched into his peroration, swaying his hearers with extraordinary eloquence. He more than hinted that the league covenant was inserted into the Versailles treaty only out of deference to President Wilson, and that now that Mr. Wilson is to all intents and purposes out of European politics, the time has come to clear the decks of impracticabilities and openly declare the league of nations an impossible dream."—*North American.*

The ink on the sly pact, one of whose prime designs was "to pull Uncle Sam's leg," was not yet dry before secret agreements in flat violations of its provisions and intents, and between some of the leading signatories thereto, were being made to secure for themselves advantages over the other nations! And their secret wire pulling and diplomatic intriguing is still going on, notably upon the part of England, whose imperial fortunes have as usual been enormously enriched by the war, for she adds to her mighty globe-girdling empire practically the whole huge continent of Africa, and grabs the greater part of the captured German war and marine tonnage.

Since John Law fooled all Europe with his fake "Mississippi Scheme," probably no such impossible dream as this "League of Nations" folly has been so widely, so enthusiastically accepted and promoted by millions, and that, too, of the most intelligent and solid citizens. This remarkable result is chiefly due to the fact that after viewing and suffering for over four years, more or less, from the unspeakable horrors of the World War, the whole world so ardently wished its repetition might be made impossible, that they accepted this plausible, but utterly impracticable scheme of the "League of Nations."

Thanks to the wisdom and firmness of the Senate, our country has not been committed to the delusive folly, and with the light thrown upon it by the Senate discussions, both by Republican and Democratic members, there has been a great revulsion of public opinion in America, and a popular vote upon that perilous project would reject it by a big majority.

The truth of this is shown by the enormous primary vote received by Senator Johnson who fought bitterly for the utter rejection in Congress of the League treaty.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE

THE advocates of Woman Suffrage visited town Saturday evening and one of their speakers, a Miss Elsie Hill, of Connecticut, whose father voted for the Woman Suffrage Bill in Congress, made a superb appeal for the cause, in front of the Opera House, after the play.

It was a well-delivered address, couched in fine English, clean cut and logical, an argument for the right of women to vote that was unanswerable, and quite wanting the frantic absurdities that mark some of the silly appeals of the Antis.

One point the speaker made should suffice for thinking Republicans who do not wish to see the state again handed over to the tender mercies of the Democrats. Seventeen millions of women, already given the ballot in other states will vote November next, and Delaware Republicans will not be wise in earning for their party nationally the resentment of that huge army of women voters justly indignant if a handful of stubborn politicians because of some trifling factional squabble, shall for awhile defeat the proper aspirations of all the other eleven millions of disfranchised women to participate in the coming national election.

Then what an absurd spectacle that after 35 of the biggest, richest most populous and intelligent states have voted in favor of woman suffrage, a few reactionaries in Sussex County, men whose intelligence and progressiveness is shown by their opposition to prophylactic medicine and improved education, shall thus be able to block this great reform. Some of us, in that event, may be afraid to use our boasted title as the "Diamond State" lest the too true retort be thrown at us, "Diamond! Yes, paste diamond!"

LEONARD WOOD'S STAND ON LABOR

Its Problems and Those of Capital Interdependent—Workingman Not a Commodity.

Leonard Wood thoroughly comprehends the interdependence of capital and labor. When they are at odds with each other disaster results; when they are united prosperity is the outcome. There is no man in America better fitted to express views of practical value on this subject than Wood, because as an administrator in various parts of this country and in Cuba and the Philippines he has been confronted by every phase of the labor problems. The tact and broad sympathies he has displayed when recently called upon to handle misunderstandings between capital and labor in the acutest forms in the steel districts at Gary and in the coal regions of West Virginia qualify him to act as leader in the growing movement looking toward a permanent adjustment of all disagreements between the capitalist and the workingman. Wood says:

"We must do all we can to encourage good business, whether it be big business or small business. If it is good business and beneficial to the public it is worthy of encouragement; if it is bad business we must control it and regulate it. Good business means prosperous labor, and this means increased production, and nothing must be allowed to interfere with ample production. It is the real remedy for the high cost of living. Limitation on production is an invitation to disaster—disaster which strikes first the poor, but eventually affects all. We cannot consider business and labor separately. They are interlocking and interdependent. We must spread the war burden over a much longer period of years than at present contemplated. The present excess income tax is paralyzing initiative. It is a strangle hold upon the throat of business which must be relaxed if American business is to have that initiative which will be necessary to give us our share in the world's trade. We must do everything we can to help on good business, for on it depends national prosperity.

"Labor and capital in this country must work together in order to meet the problems which are going to follow this world's war. We do not wish an autocracy of either capital or labor, but a real democracy in both, characterized by a spirit of co-operation and helpfulness. We must inject more of the human element into our relations with those about us, whether they be our associates or our subordinates—more gathering about the table and discussing matters fully and frankly.

Labor Not a Commodity.

"We must recognize that the workingman is neither a machine nor a commodity, but that he is a collaborator with capital. Individual capacity and ambition must receive encouragement and recognition. The employer must recognize the dignity and status of the worker and give him every consideration due. The closest possible contact and the fullest understanding should be maintained between employer and employee. Arrangements for the adjustment of grievances must be provided which will work smoothly and promptly. We must do all we can to improve the workers's living conditions, to make his surroundings decent and attractive to himself and family. His hours of work must be such as to give him an opportunity for reasonable recreation with his family during the hours of daylight. He should receive a wage that not only permits him to keep body and soul together, but enables him to lay by something for the future. If these conditions are to be obtained and maintained labor must recognize that high wages can only be maintained under conditions of high production and high efficiency. Capital must be paid in accordance with the risk of the enterprise. Those who direct and plan must be paid adequately, labor must be adequately paid, and after this, if anything remains, comes the question of an equitable distribution. Many of the more progressive, intelligent and farseeing men are already beginning to give labor a participation in this surplus—a share varying with its amount.

"The main thing is for labor and capital to pull together in the present great crisis, remembering that only through co-operation and frank and full understanding and mutual concessions can the wheels of industry be kept going."

Dr. Louis Levinson, veterinarian. Graduate of University of Pennsylvania. Middletown, Del. Bell Phone 119. North Broad Street.

ORDER YOUR

Spring Suit Now

While Selections are Complete

Our guaranteed all pure wool Worsteds and Serges in Spring weights, afford men the best Clothing service they can get anywhere. This is an unmatchable opportunity for the men—young men and boys of this vicinity.

Our Men's SPRING SUITS range in prices from

$18.00 to $45.00

Boys' from $5.50 to $18

At these prices they represent excellent quality.

We make Suits to order; giving the best needle work and any style you may select. Also Cleaning, Dying, Pressing and Repairing done to make your old suit like new.

Berg & Freeman

Middletown, Del.

Hotel Wilmington

819-821 Market Street

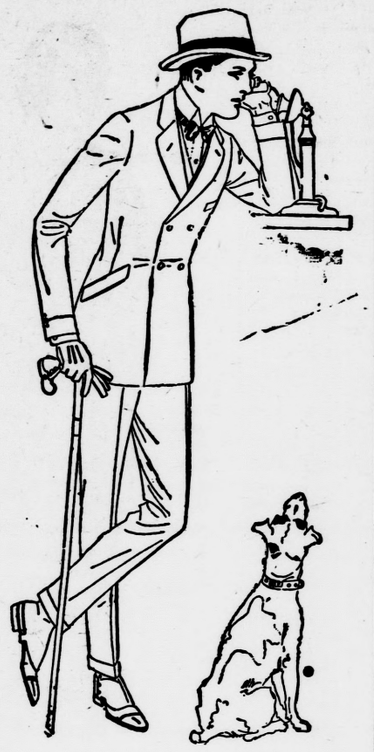
Wilmington, Del.

Wilmington's most popular and centrally located Hotel.

Excellent Newly Furnished Rooms from $1.50 up.

THOMAS THOMAS, Prop.

SPRING SHOWING!



Our Spring Hat Story Is Short and Sweet

It isn't the sweetest story ever told because it's too real to be romatic. The New Spring Soft Hats are here, and anything we said about the fashions last Fall is but a molehill to the mountain of adjectives we could say to-day—if we had time. Get out and get under—

$3.50, $5 and $6.50

Your Son Pines to Look Spruce This Spring

New clothes for Spring is an old custom with Boys and Young Men. No matter who else in the family shines, the Son is sure to.

For the past ten days our Boy's and Young Men's department has resembled a school room in which all the pupils love their teacher---and the parents of our little friends are well pleased with the clothes and the costs.

We are showing the handsomest models in our 30 years in clothing---and the values speak so plainly for themselves that we won't have to here.

Edw. G. Walls

MAIN ST., SMYRNA, DEL

Store open Wednesday Night until 9 o'clock.

New Styles in Oxfords

Our aim is ta make this store an ideal place to buy your shoes.

You will like the way we serve you. Our salesmen are expert in fitting feet---they know how, and this "know how" is worth a whole lot to you when it comes to fitting your feet. You will get comfort, style and quality, and at a reasonable price.

Walk-Over Shoes, $6.50 to $12.50.

W. L. Douglas Shoes, $4.00 to $8.00.

Boys' Specials, $2.50, $3.50 and $5.00.

See our Every-Day Specials at $5.00.

DELAWARE TRUST COMPANY

WILMINGTON

MIDDLETOWN, DOVER, GEORGETOWN, SEAFORD, LAUREL, MILLSBORO

Men Who Know

This Bank is managed by Men Who Know, for Men Who Know.

Men who are satisfied with Guessing steer clear of it.

Fisk Tires

at the Old Prices for month of April. Sold for Spot Cash only.

Plenty of VEDOL OIL by the barrel for Tractors. Prices right; oil guaranteed.

Buick Valve-in-Head Motor Cars

Shallcross' Garage

Phone, 110. Middletown, Delaware.

SAVE MONEY

Buy Auto Tires NOW. Lots of them at old prices.

HENRY D. HOWELL

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Auto Top work a Specialty

PATHE Presents

PEARL WHITE

IN THE SERIAL OF A THOUSAND SENSATION

"The Black Secret"

The third episode of Pearl White's Latest and Best Serial will be shown at the Middletown Opera House next week on Tuesday evening, and thereafter an episode every week for twelve more consecutive weeks.

In "THE BLACK SECRET" Pathe has accomplished a continued motion picture story that is "different." It is based upon "In Secret," that thrilling and highly romantic story by America's foremost novelist, ROBERT W. CHAMBERS, and from that novel has been evolved the most logical, romantic, dramatic and artistic serial ever produced, viz.—"THE BLACK SECRET"—A FEATURE SERIAL.

Peerless, Fearless Pearl White portrays Evelyn Erith, a brave American girl who endangers her life to lay bare the black secret of the blackest-hearted of men. With her in her adventures are Kay McKay (portrayed by Walter McGrail), an American whose loyalty is never questioned, and Frederick Vaux (Major Wallace McCutcheon), whom everyone has reason to suspect of being a traitor.

It's a cinch to figure why Camels sell!

You should know why Camels are so unusual, so refreshing, so satisfying. *First*, quality—*second*, Camels expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos which you'll certainly prefer to either kind smoked straight!

Camels blend makes possible that wonderful mellow mildness—yet all the desirable body is there! And, Camels never tire your taste!

You'll appreciate Camels freedom from any unpleasant cigaretty after-taste or unpleasant cigaretty odor!

For your own satisfaction *compare Camels puff by puff with any cigarette in the world at any price!*

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.

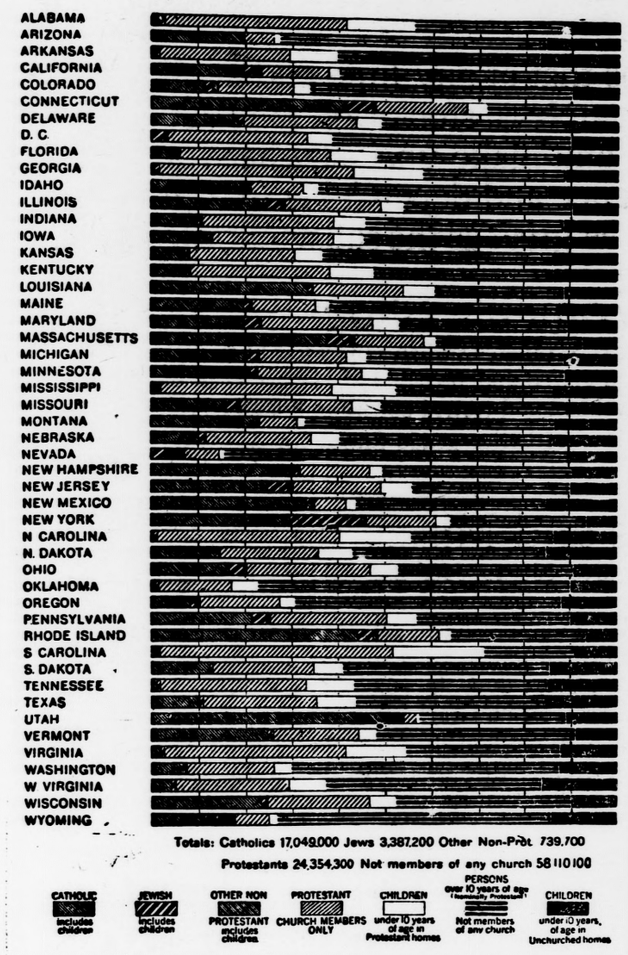
R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

The Transcript, $1 Per Year

MORE THAN ONE-HALF OF ADULTS IN U. S. LACK CHURCH INFLUENCE

Older Communities Are Better Supplied With Churches Than the Newer Districts of the West and Southwest.

Striking figures revealing the number of adults in the United States who are without church affiliation are shown on a chart which has just been issued by the Interchurch World Movement. This chart brings out a comparison of unchurched inhabitants by states, indicating that the older communities of New England are relatively better supplied with churches than those of the newer states of the west and southwest.



Conditions such as these, brought to light by the home and foreign surveys, form the basis for the great appeal of thirty co-operating denominations, through the Interchurch World Movement, for $336,777,572 in the United Financial Campaign which begins April 25 and ends May 2.

More than one-half of the adults of the United States are without any church connection whatever, the statistical chart shows. The exact figures are 56.1 per cent.

Possibly many persons will be surprised to learn that Nevada leads with the greatest number of unchurched persons, including children—87.8 per cent of her population. Oklahoma is second, the statistics revealing that 82.2 per cent of that state's inhabitants have no church connections. Wyoming is third with 75.2, Arizona fourth with 73.9, Washington fifth with 73.3, Oregon sixth with 72.7 and West Virginia seventh with 71.2 per cent of the population unchurched.

On the credit side the chart discloses that Connecticut leads with the lowest percentage of unchurched and, consequently, the best showing in church attendance for its population. Connecticut's percentage of unchurched inhabitants is 33.2, while little Rhode Island is next with only 38.7 per cent of its population not in church memberships. New York stands third with a percentage of 39.4 unchurched.

The other states where less than half the population are not affiliated with any church, as revealed by the Interchurch World Movement chart, with their percentage of unchurched are as follows: Massachusetts, 41.9 per cent; Utah, 43.7 per cent; Louisiana, 46.5 per cent; Pennsylvania, 49.9 per cent, and South Carolina, 48.6 per cent.

The percentages of unchurched in the remaining states in each of which more than half the population is not affiliated with any church are as follows:

Alabama 58.9, Arkansas 70.8, California 62.8, Colorado 70, Delaware 55.8, District of Columbia 67.1, Florida 62.3, Georgia 57.3, Idaho 68, Illinois 51.2, Indiana 61.2, Iowa 61.1, Kansas 69.7, Kentucky 62.1, Maine 65.5, Maryland 53.7, Michigan 58.7, Minnesota 55.2, Mississippi 62.2, Missouri 57.7, Montana 68.9, Nebraska 66.1, New Hampshire 53.4, New Jersey 51.3, New Mexico 59.6, North Carolina 59.7, North Dakota 64.9, Ohio 53.7, South Dakota 65.6, Tennessee 67.1, Texas 64.7, Vermont 56, Virginia 58.6, and Wisconsin 53.5.

The Interchurch World Movement survey for the United States reported that the 45,530,343 Americans in church memberships accounted for were distributed as follows: Catholic 17,594,074, Jewish 3,877,238, Protestants 24,352,316; children of Protestant parentage 7,413,240; all other faiths 739,715.

WHY THIRTY DENOMINATIONS PLAN TO RAISE $336,777,572 IN THIS UNITED CAMPAIGN

What are the purposes to which the churches plan to put the large sum of money represented by the united budget of the thirty denominations co-operating through the Interchurch World Movement? What are the needs which American Christianity feels itself called upon to meet?

The sum for which the churches are appealing is $336,777,572, to be collected by means of an intensive campaign during the week of April 25 to May 2.

The money will be spent on home and foreign missions, education, Sunday schools, ministerial salaries and pensions, and hospitals and homes.

Here are some of the reasons for the appeal. There are 58,000,000 people in the United States who are connected with no church. If these people wanted to attend church they would be unable to do so, for not more than one-third of the population of the United States has an opportunity to attend church regularly Sunday by Sunday.

Pastors are paid on an average throughout the country $937 per year. This is the explanation of the dearth of young men willing to enter the ministry, and hence the explanation of the fact that thousands of churches can only hold service once a month.

Twenty-seven million young people in the United States are connected with no Sunday school, get no regular religious training. If they wanted the training there are not buildings or teachers enough to give it to one-half of them.

Yet Roger W. Babson, the statistician, speaking recently on business principles, declared that "the greatest factor in business life today is religion" and that "your real security is the integrity, the righteousness of the people of the community."

All over the world the non-Christians outnumber the nominal Christians by two to one. The enlightened races are Christian, the backward races are non-Christian. The backward races, so long as they remain backward, constitute a standing menace to the ideals and institutions of the more enlightened peoples. A simple illustration shows this. From time immemorial plagues have originated among the backward peoples and spread from them to the more civilized. Today a medical missionary in India or China may be the means of saving thousands of lives in America and Europe by checking a disease at its source.

Farming Fish.

The International Association of Game, Fish and Conservationist Commissioners, at their recent convention in Louisville, pledged themselves to use every influence possible toward stimulation of a nation-wide movement looking to the construction of fish ponds upon farms in which desirable species of game and food fishes, especially the basses and the sunfishes, can be propagated for recreation and for food, at a comparatively small expense when contrasted with the vast benefits which will result therefrom.

Cost of Style.

Mother—Why do you wear that thin olouse?

Daughter—It's stylish.

"You must be cold."

"I am."

"I should think you'd shiver."

"No, it isn't stylish to shiver!"

"Something Like Cheese."

A small boy came to the Brightwood library and solemnly asked for cottage cheese. The librarian thought a moment and asked if he did not mean the book, "Scottish Chiefs." "Yes," he said pleasantly, "I knew it was something like cheese."—Indianapolis News.

SHOW STARTS 7.45 P. M. — One Show Only

MIDDLETOWN OPERA HOUSE

J. E. LEWIS, Prop.

ADMISSION — ADULTS, 22 Cents — CHILDREN, 11 Cents — Including War Tax

Program for week beginning May 3d

MONDAY, MAY 3d
ROBERTSON-COLE Presents
Sessue Hayakawa
—in—
"The Tong Man"

Sessue Hayakawa is shown in a different role from usual, as he plays with his own people in a story of the great underworld of San Francisco, where he carries out the orders of the dreaded secret tongs. Unlike his other pictures this one has a happy ending. The best that he nas ever made. Also "Prizma," the new art colored scenic, showing everything in its natural colors, something beautiful. Strand comedy—"Is Your Sweetheart False?" Pathe News. Our Monday night shows are growing in favor. Don't miss them.

TUESDAY, MAY 4th
VITAGRAPH COR., Presents
Harry T. Morey
—in—
"The Birth of a Soul"

This is the first appearance of this star in our theatre, we are getting him with a high rental for this picture, in order to fulfill our obligations to the people who have been asking us for him. Also, Pearl White, in "The Black Secret," 4th episode. Pathe comedy. Be sure to see this show.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5th
WILLIAM FOX Presents
Tom Mix
—in—
"The Feud"

The picture of romantic out-door life. The romance between the children of bible families. The song of hate, sung by the colorful feudists, a wealth of atmosphere, a deal, of conflict and more. More! You all know Tom Mix. Come see him Wednesday. Vitagraph comedy—"Pest and Promises." Fox News.

THURSDAY, MAY 6th
VITAGRAPH COR., Presents
Alice Joyce
—in—
"The Slaves of Pride"

Alice Joyce has the right idea of acting. This is the verdict of thousands. She has the grip on the historic art seldom acquired. Her acting is so realistic, that it ceases to be the mere role. This is demonstrated in "The Slaves of Pride." Miss Joyce is given an opportunity to show her skill and versitility. Comedy—"Girls and Grubbers." Pathe News.

FRIDAY, MAY 7th
REAL ART COR., Presents Their Best Bet
Constance Binney
—in—
"Erstwhile Susan"

From a brow-beaten ignorant household drudge to the beautiful gowned, cultured wife of the governor. There has been few greater character interpretations of the screen, than that by this great star. This is truly a wonderful picture. Every minute a thrill. "Smashing Barriers," the great serial, 14th episode. Comedy—"Gas Attack."

SATURDAY, MAY 8th
WILLIAM FOX Presents
Theda Bara
—in—
"The Lure of Ambition"

This is a deep drama, and shows Theda Bara in a different role from usual. A good clean picture, full of prestige, and wonderfully acted by the above star. Theda Bara will be dressed for the winter, so you need not be afraid to come see her. Sunshine comedy—"Chicken, La Cabaret." Fox News. Mutt and Jeff.

A Manifold Helpfulness

Those who maintain Checking Accounts with us insure their money against all possibility of loss, utilize the best known method of regulating income and outgo, and protect themselves automatically against error, fraud or carelessness.

They enjoy all this—and more!

By checking their funds through this institution they acquire a friendship with our officers which grows more valuable exery day.

Checking Accounts cordially invited.

4% on Savings Accounts Comp. Semi-annually 4%

STRENGTH ACCOMMODATION — MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
J. FRANK ELIASON, PRESIDENT — L. L. MALONEY, VICE PRES.
W. K. BETTS, CASHIER — FRANK R. POOL, ASST CASH.

We are Kept Busy

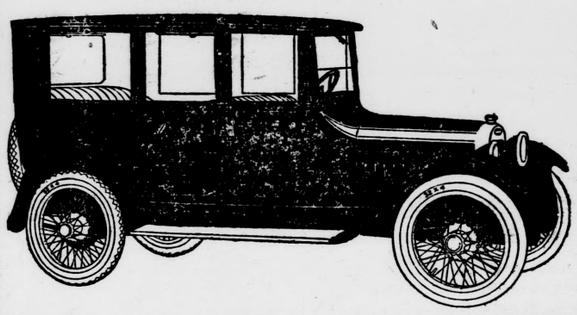
supplying the meat needs of those wise housewives who know that our meats are choice in quality, fine in flavor and tender as chicken. They know also there is practically no waste to our meats. Every particle can be used. That makes our meats truly economical Those who trade here regularly admit they save money by doing so.

Lewis' Meat Market

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

Oakland

Oakland owners regularly report returns of from 18 to 25 miles from the gallon of gasoline and from 8,000 to 12,000 miles on tires



THE NEW OAKLAND SENSIBLE SIX FOUR DOOR SEDAN

OAKLAND
SENSIBLE SIX
Geo. P. Scotton & Sons
Agents SMYRNA, DEL.

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Insist on Genuine Ford Parts

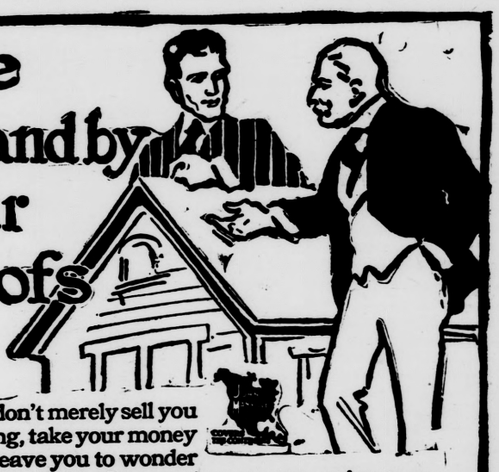
Imitation "Ford" parts are being sold by many mail-order houses, down-town stores and garages to unsuspecting Ford owners as "Ford" parts. But they are not Genuine Ford parts. They are made by concerns who have no connection whatsoever with the Ford Motor Company. Tests have shown them to break when the genuine Ford parts didn't even bend.

The Authorized Ford Dealers are your protection. As such, we handle nothing but the Genuine Ford parts. They are made from the famous Ford Vanadium Steel, and each part—according to its use—is heat-treated in the way that will give it the longest wearing qualities.

Our Ford garage and Ford mechanics are at your service at all times. Drive in when replacements or repairs for your Ford car may be necessary. Save your car and also your money.

BURRIS GARAGE
Middletown, Delaware

We Stand by Our Roofs



We don't merely sell you roofing, take your money and leave you to wonder how much roofing service you are going to receive. The roofing we sell you must make good.

Johns-Manville Regal Roofing

This popular "rubber type" roofing is backed up by Johns-Manville Responsibility. You may register it with Johns-Manville by means of a special registration blank furnished with each roll of roofing — and Johns-Manville will see that it gives exactly the service Johns-Manville promises. Let us quote you prices.

Short & Walls Lumber Co.

The Transcript, $1 Per Year

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Lev. Fac. to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, Southeast Corner of Eleventh and King Streets, City of Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware,

ON MONDAY
THE 3rd DAY OF MAY, 1920
at 9.30 o'clock, A. M.

the following described Real Estate viz:

ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the brick dwelling thereon erected, and known as 901 North Clayton street, situate in the City of Wilmington, aforesaid and more particularly bounded and described as follows to-wit: BEGINNING at a corner formed by the intersection of the Northerly side of Ninth street, with the westerly side of Clayton street, thence westerly along said northerly side of Ninth street, sixty-eight feet to a corner, thence Northerly and parallel with Clayton street, fifteen feet, two inches to a corner, thence easterly and parallel with Ninth street, and passing through the centre of the party division wall between the house on this lot and the house on the lot adjoining on the north sixty-eight feet to the aforesaid westerly side of Clayton street, and thence thereby southerly fifteen feet, two inches to the place of Beginning. Be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Mullarkey, Administrator of Patrick J. Ford deceased, mortgagor, and to be sold by

JOSHUA Z. CROSSLAND, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., April 17, 1920.

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Lev. Fac. to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, Southeast Corner of Eleventh and King Streets, City of Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY,
THE 1st DAY OF MAY 1920
at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

the following described Real Estate, viz:

ALL that certain piece or parcel of land with the buildings thereon erected situated in the City of Wilmington, New Castle County and State of Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: BEGINNING at a corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Linden street with the westerly side of Harrison street, thence westerly along said side of Linden street sixteen feet more or less to a stake, thence northerly parallel with Harrison street and passing through the middle of the division wall of this house and house adjoining on the west sixty-eight feet to the southerly side of a four feet wide alley leading from Franklin street to Harrison street, thence easterly along said side of said alley and parallel with Linden street sixteen feet more or less to the aforesaid side of Harrison street and thence thereby southerly sixty-eight feet to the place of Beginning. Be the contents thereof what they may. With the privilege of the use of the aforesaid alley in common with others entitled thereto forever.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Mary E. Dill and Samuel J. Dill, husband of the said Mary E. Dill, Mortgagors and t. t. s., and to be sold by

JOSHUA Z CROSSLAND, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., April 14th, 1920.

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Lev. Fac. to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, Southeast Corner of Eleventh and King Streets, City of Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware,

ON SATURDAY,
THE 1st DAY OF MAY 1920
at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

the following described Real Estate, viz:

ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the two story brick dwelling thereon erected, known as No. 2209 Church street, situate in the City of Wilmington, New Castle County and State of Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point on the westerly side of Church street at the distance of one hundred feet southerly from the southerly side of Twenty-third street, thence westerly, parallel with Twenty-third street, one hundred and fifty feet to a corner; thence southerly and parallel with Church street twenty-nine feet to a point in line with the middle of the party wall between the house on this lot and the house on the lot adjoining on the south; thence easterly and parallel with Twenty-third street and through the middle of the said party wall, one hundred and fifty feet to the said westerly side of Church street; and thence thereby northerly twenty-nine feet to the place of Beginning. Be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Erik G. Lysander, surviving mortgagor, and to be sold by

JOSHUA Z. CROSSLAND, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., April 9, 1920.

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Lev. Fac. to me directed will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, Southeast Corner of Eleventh and King Streets, City of Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware,

ON SATURDAY
THE FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1920
at 10 o'clock, A. M.

the following described Real Estate viz:

ALL that certain lot or piece of land with a two story brick house thereon erected, situate in the said City of Wilmington, known as No. 18 West Thirteenth Street, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Thirteenth street, between Market and Orange streets, at the distance of one hundred and thirty feet from the westerly side of Market street and at the middle of an alley two and a half feet wide, between this and the house adjoining on the east, thence along the middle of said alley southerly parallel with Market street, fifty-four feet four inches to land formerly of Joseph T. Price; thence along a line of said land westerly, parallel with Thirteenth street, fifteen feet six inches to land now or formerly of John Mousley; thence along the same land northerly fifty-four feet four inches to the said side of Thirteenth street; and thence thereby easterly fifteen feet six inches to the place of Beginning. Be the contents thereof, more or less, with the use and privilege of the within mentioned alley in common forever.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of David J. Caney and Annie Caney his wife and David J. Caney and Jacob Statnekoo, Administrators of Louis Caney deceased Mortgager and Ester Caney (wife of Louis Caney) Mortgagors and tts. and to be sold by

JOSHUA Z. CROSSLAND, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., April 15, 1920.

The Middletown Transcript

SPRING LIST —OF— FARMS

No. 1. Farm of 188 acres. 110 acres of the best improved level and clean land. Balance good wood land. 14 room house thoroughly modern with running water, steam heat and polished floors. Outbuildings in good repair, two new silos. An ideal home and a good producer Located on a concrete road one mile from a thriving town. Possession soon.

No. 2. Farm of 100 acres, every foot of it of the best, clean producing land in the country. House, buildings and fences in good repair. Nicely located near R. R. milk station corn and tomato canneries.

No. 3. Farm of 165 acres. 150 tillable. Balance valuable woodland. Good house, lawn, shade and fruit. Located on a good road and in a fine neighborhood.

No. 4. Farm of 242 acres. 230 acres, good clean high producing land. House and ample buildings in good repair. 70 acres in wheat showing nice. Well located, a mile from good town and on a hard road.

No. 5. Farm of 500 acres. 400 acres of good clean naturally drained land. Balance good pasture meadow and wood. House, buildings and shedding nearly new and painted. 162 acres in wheat well started last fall. Crops average 20 bushel wheat and 50 bushel corn per acre. Well located on stone road, 1½ miles to R. R., cannery and milk station. Pre-war price.

Two combination dwelling and store properties, also a double house on Main St. at an attractive investment price.

JAY C. DAVIS
REAL ESTATE
FERTILISER AND LIME
Phone 168

The Most Loved of All Presents

Howard Watches
Hamilton Watches
Jewelry
Cut Glass and
Silverware

Everything found in an up-to-date Jewelry Store

S. E. MASSEY
Middletown, Delaware

Talley Light

Saves Time

The least time saved, as reported by any owner, is 2¼ hours per week. The most, 66 hours. The average, 13½ hours.

Talley Light is a complete unit—engine and generator—with 16-cell storage battery. It supplies ample electricity for lights, water pump, washing machines, sweeper, cream separator, fanning mill, etc.

OTWELL & THOMPSON
AGENTS
SUMMIT BRIDGE, DEL.

EACH DESIGN IS PRETTIER THAN THE LAST ONE

It only remains with you to decide the colors you want. Our carpets and rugs are famous for their beauty, because we buy only the richest patterns, and also take the greatest care to keep in stock only those goods that have proven their durability. Come in and see them. You are bound to be pleased.

J. H. EMERSON
Middletown, : Delaware

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

(Copyright, 1920, Western Newspaper Union)

LESSON FOR MAY 2

THE BOY SAMUEL.

LESSON TEXT—I Sam. 1:24-28; 3:1-21.

GOLDEN TEXT—My son, give me thine heart, and let thine eyes observe my ways.—Prov. 23:26.

ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—I Sam. 1:1-23; 2:1-36.

PRIMARY TOPIC—The Child Samuel in God's House.

JUNIOR TOPIC—A Boy Who Listened and Obeyed.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Training for Religious Leadership.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Religious Capacities in the Training of Children.

I. Samuel Given to the Lord (1:24-28).

Samuel was given to Hannah in answer to prayer. His name means "asked of God." For a time he was cared for by his mother in the home. In asking God for a son she vowed to dedicate him to the Lord. Accordingly at an early age she took him to the sanctuary and gave him over to the charge of Eli. Thus in his tender years he ministered to the Lord.

II. Features of Israel's History in This Period.

1. A demoralized priesthood. (1) The priests were actuated by greed (2:12-17). It was God's will that those who ministered at the altar should live of the things of the altar, but they broke through the divine regulations touching this matter and were securing their selfish ends by force. (2) The priests polluted the courts of God's house with the grossest immorality (2:22).

2. An alienated people. The only thing which separates people from God is sin.

3. A cessation of divine revelation (3:1). God was silent—"The word of God was precious in those days; there was no open vision." The message from the Lord was more a matter of memory than an active experience. The same thing in principle is true of the individual life today; some who once enjoyed fellowship with God no longer hear his voice speaking to them.

III. God Calls Samuel (3:2-10).

In striking contrast with the degeneracy of the nation we have brought before us the beautiful life of Samuel. We see God getting ready for the regeneration of the nation. Dwelling within the sacred courts and ministering before the Lord with Eli, is the innocent Samuel, who is to be the savior of his people. In Samuel we have a striking pattern of child religion. The Lord gave him in answer to Hannah's prayer. From his birth he was dedicated to the Lord. While quite young his mother took him to the sanctuary of the Lord where he served and slept. It is a good thing to have much sin forgiven, but it is better far to grow up without sin. Two traits in Samuel's character stand out in this call; namely, his cheerful obedience to the Lord's call and his surrendered will. It was no easy thing to respond cheerfully to the thrice repeated call. It may have seemed to him to be unreasonable, but each time he obeyed in simplicity. He expressed his willingness before he knew what was required; he did not inquire what was wanted and then let his obedience depend upon its suiting him.

IV. Samuel's First Prophetic Message (3:11-18).

Up to this time Samuel obeyed the one who was over him, but the time had now come when he must directly hear and obey the Lord. The first message entrusted to him is a most terrible one. To deliver it is a most trying task. He hesitated to tell it to Eli, but when pressed by him he manifested the true courage which was lying back of his fear. It must have been a bitter sting to Eli to see Samuel recognized and himself passed by, but he was submissive. He knew that the slight was just; he could not fail to interpret it thus in view of the appearance of the man of God to him (2:27-36). This fearful visitation upon Eli's house was due to the sins of his sons. He was held accountable for not restraining them. Parental laxity is most cruel. There is an age in which children may be restrained, but when passed over the power to restrain goes with it.

V. Samuel Established in the Prophetic Office (3:19-21).

"And Samuel grew, and the Lord was with him, and did let none of his words fall to the ground. And all Israel, from Dan even to Beersheba knew that Samuel was established to be a prophet of the Lord." This is a verification of the saying "Him that honors me I will honor." Little did Hannah realize that the boy who had been given in answer to her prayer would one day become the head of the nation. This new position brought great danger to the boy, but the God who raised him up was able to sustian him.

The New Song of Christianity.

We are reminded today of the great company standing upon Mount Zion, before the throne, worshipping the Lamb with praise and honor and blessing, and the harpers are there harping with their harps—men whose lives have been strung and drawn by the tension of suffering until they have emitted in the blows of martyrdom the song of praise acceptable before God. And today they sing a new song. It is the song of infant wailing; an inarticulate cry; the voice of those whose only language is a cry. The new song of christianity, which Stoic and Epicurean had failed to learn; the dignity, the force, the power of simple suffering.—W. C. E. Newbolt.

Comes From the Bible.

"Be not weary in well-doing, for ye shall reap in due season if ye faint not." That is sound agriculture and progressive home building and it comes from the Bible.

SWEET POTATOES USED FOR SIRUP

Various Kinds of Sweets Have Taken On New Importance in Kitchen.

PRICE OF SUGAR VERY HIGH

Outline of Practical Recipes Given by United States Department of Agriculture Experimental Kitchen.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

With sugar high and hard to get sirups of various kinds have taken on new importance in the eyes of housekeepers. A sirup well liked by those who have used it is made from sweet potatoes. It is palatable and useful, both in cooking and on the table, and it can be made easily at home from potatoes that otherwise might be wasted because of the difficulty of storing them.

Any of the common varieties of sweet potatoes can be used, according to the United States department of agriculture. Potatoes which have been harvested for some time yield a sweeter sirup than those recently harvested.

How to Make Sirup.

The method of preparing the sirup is as follows:

Wash the sweet potatoes and remove any decayed portions or other blemishes. Peeling the potatoes improves the quality of the sirup, but is not necessary. After weighing the potatoes, place them in a kettle with two or three times their weight of water, and boil for one and one-half hours or until thoroughly soft. Without removal from the kettle and the liquor in which they cooked, mash the potatoes until smooth and add water if needed to form a thin mush.

The temperature of this mixture should be brought to 140 degrees Fahrenheit, and one-half ounce of ground brewers' malt should be added for each pound of sweet potatoes as weighed before cooking. The malt contains an enzyme capable, under the proper conditions of temperature, of changing some of the starch of the potato into sugar. This action is best accomplished between 140 and 150 degrees Fahrenheit. If heated to too high a temperature the activity of the malt enzyme is destroyed, hence for satisfactory results a good thermometer is necessary. The mixture should be thoroughly stirred, as it is very important that the temperature of the mass be uniform throughout during the action of the malt.

After allowing it to stand for a few minutes at 140 degrees Fahrenheit the mixture should be stirred constantly while heating until the temperature of 150 degrees Fahrenheit is reached, and then should be removed from the heat. Let the mixture, now technically termed the "mash," stand for one hour, with occasional stirring. At the end of this time place the mash in cloth bags, close the opening of the bag and knead the mass gently. The juice flows out under gentle pressure, leaving the pulp behind. Place the juice so obtained in an open kettle and boil down to a sirup of about the consistency of molasses.

Good for Caramel Flavor.

This sirup is especially delicious in any product where a caramel flavor is to be developed by browning, whether it be candy, pudding, custard, pie, icing for cake, sweet sauce, baked beans, or glazed potatoes.

It is also very acceptable as a table sirup to eat with pancakes, fritters, etc. Some people like the sirup better if flavored with a little caramelized sugar. A little acid, from one to two teaspoonfuls of vinegar, to a cupful of sirup is another addition that lends variety, or both acid and caramel flavor may be used together.

The following recipes for the use of sweet-potato sirup were tested in the experimental kitchen of the United States department of agriculture:

Taffy.

1 cup sirup (nearly 12 ounces)
1 teaspoon vinegar

Cook together about ten minutes, or until a hard ball is formed when dropped into cold water. Pour out onto greased pan or slab. When cool enough to handle, pull.

Ginger Snaps.

½ cup sirup
¼ cup fat
¼ teaspoon soda
¾ teaspoon salt
½ tablespoon ginger
1½ cups flour

Heat sirup to boiling point, pour over fat, add dry ingredients sifted together. Chill, roll thin, cut with cooky cutter, bake in moderately hot oven.

Drop Cookies.

¾ cup sirup
¼ cup fat
1 egg
½ tablespoon soda
2 tablespoons water
1 cup raisins
2 cups flour (about)
½ teaspoon cinnamon
⅛ teaspoon cloves, powdered

Heat fat and sirup together, add spices while warm. When cool, add part of flour sifted with soda, egg well beaten, and raisins. Add just enough of the rest of the flour, so that the dropped teaspoonfuls of batter hold their shape. Bake in moderately hot oven.

Chocolate Cup Cake.

¼ cup fat
½ cup sirup (plain or caramelized)
¼ teaspoon soda
3 tablespoons milk
½ teaspoon salt
2 eggs
2 squares (ozs.) chocolate
1¼ cups flour
2½ teaspoons baking powder
1½ teaspoons vanilla
2 tablespoons sugar

Mix and bake as usual; makes one dozen cup cakes.

Butterscotch Pudding.

5 tablespoons caramelized sweet-potato sirup
2 tablespoons sugar
2 eggs
4 tablespoons butter
6 tablespoons flour
1 teaspoon salt
1 pint milk

Cream butter and flour, add salt, sugar, and milk; cook till thick. Add hot mixture to beaten eggs, meanwhile beating rapidly to prevent curdling; place in double boiler and cook two or three minutes, stirring constantly. Add sirup and beat well. Serve cold. Plain or whipped cream is a nice addition. This pudding may be used as a filling for pastry shells or cream puffs if desired.

For Candying Sweet Potatoes, for Sweetening Ginger Cookies or Making Taffy, Sweet Potato Sirup Is Delicious.

DRIPPINGS GOOD AS BUTTER SUBSTITUTE

Many Families Practice Thrift in Use of Foods and Vary Seasoning.

Fats From Fried Sausage, Ham, Bacon and Pork, and From Roast Veal and Chicken May Be Used for Flavoring.

It is almost universally conceded that cooked vegetables require the addition of fat to be at their best and that no fat seems so suitable as butter for seasoning them, if on the texture of the dish and the flavor rests the decision. Many families, however, are practicing thrift in the use of foods which they purchase and are varying the vegetable seasoning. One of the best fats for seasoning a vegetable dish is sweet savory drippings.

Not all meats supply fats that are savory in the sense in which the word is employed here, but the fats from fried sausages, ham, bacon and pork, and from roast pork, veal and chicken, may be employed alone or in combination for this purpose. Some fats have a flavor which comes from the seasoning as in sausage, from the smoke as in ham and bacon, and from the brown material as in roast meat, which is agreeable to the palate. The fats skimmed from the water in which poultry has been boiled and the fat skimmed from the gravies of most roast meats may be clarified and employed also in a preparation of vegetables for the table. Great care must be taken that all of these fats are sweet and clean and that the temperature at which they are fried out shall not be so high as to impair the flavor. Burned or scorched fat is not only unpleasing in flavor, but is a frequent cause of indigestion.

All Around the House

Codfish cakes are best made with fresh boiled potatoes.

* * *

Roller shades of printed chints are best for the sun parlor.

* * *

For large steamed puddings it is best to use a tube-shaped mold.

Long Strings of Beads.

Very, very long strings of beads are worn now. They are looped three and sometimes four times about the neck, and the longest loop hangs fully to the knees, the shortest one is above the neck line of the frock with which it is worn.

Handy Pockets.

Take a piece of cretonne a yard or more long, tear strips of the same material 12 inches wide and stitch on the yard length about three inches apart, also stich the strips into compartments. Placed on a closed door they hold shoes, bedroom slippers, etc. On the pantry door, dust cloths, clean wrapping paper and twine.

Swish Forelock Returns.

The straight-back coiffure with the tresses heaped in a coil at the top of the head has a cunning little wisp of hair curled from the top of the ear downward on the cheek. Big round earrings are suitably worn with this coiffure.

THE MARKETS

BALTIMORE.—Wheat Sales—Sales of graded lots at $2.82 for No. 5 red winter, garlicky, and at $2.50 for sample grade red winter, garlicky; 1 car sample grade red winter, garlicky, $2.76.

Cob Corn—Quote carloads prime nearby yellow on spot at $8.40@8.50 per barrel, and prime white cob at the same figures.

Track yellow corn, No. 3 or better, for domestic delivery, is quotable at $1.79 per bushel for car lots on spot.

Oats—No. 2 white, $1.26 nominal; No. 3 white, $1.25 nominal.

Rye—No. 2 Western export, spot, $2.26; bag lots of nearby rye, as to quality, $1.80@2.20.

Hay—No. 1 (nominal), $43@43.50; standard timothy, $42.50@43; No. 2 timothy, $42@42.50; No. 3 timothy, $37@40; No. 1 light clover mixed, $41.50@42.50; No. 2 light clover mixed, $38@40; No. 1 clover mixed, $41@42; No. 2 clover mixed, $38@41; sample hay, $28@36.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, $27; No. 2 straight rye, $24@25; No. 1 tangled rye, $18; No. 2 tangled rye, $16@17; No. 1 wheat, $15@16; No. 2 wheat, $13.50@14; No. 1 oat, $20; No. 2 oat, $17.50@18.

Butter—Creamery, Western separator, extras, 74@75c; do, firsts, 72@73; Western prints, ½ pound, extras, 75@76; do, firsts, 73@74; Western prints, 1 pound, extras, 75@76; do, firsts, 73@74; nearby creamery, extras, 70@72; do, firsts, 69@70; dairy prints, Maryland, Pennsylvania and Virginia, extras, 45@46; do, firsts, 43@44; store packed, firsts, 39@40; rolls, Western Virginia, extras, 41@42; do, Ohio, extras, 43@44; do, Maryland and Pennsylvania, extras, 43@44.

Eggs—Western Maryland and Pennsylvania, nearby, firsts, 41c; Eastern Shore, Maryland and Virginia, firsts, 41; Western (Ohio), firsts, 41; West Virginia, firsts, 41; Southern (North Carolina), firsts, 40.

Live Poultry — Chickens, large, young, smooth, per pound, 45@50c; do, winter, under 2 pounds, per pound, 55@60; do, spring, 1 to 1¼ pounds, per pound, 60@65; do, rough and staggy, per pound, 35@40; do, old roosters, per pound, 23@25; do, old hens, over 4 pounds, per pound, 40; do, small, per pound, 40; do, white leghorn hens, per pound, 40; ducks, muscovy and mongrel, per pound, 35@36c; do, white pekins, per pound, 40@42; do, puddle, 4 pounds and over, per pound, 38@40; do, small, poor, per pound, 35@36; pigeons, old, per pair, 30@35; do, young, 30@35; guinea fowl, young, $1.

Potatoes—White, Western Maryland and Pennsylvania, 100 pounds, $7.50@8; do, Eastern Shore McCormicks, 100 pounds, $7@7.50; do, Eastern Shore Cobblers, 100 pounds, $7.50@8. Sweets, yellows, fancy, kiln-dried, barrel, $5@6.50; do, yellows, York River, barrel, $5@6; do, Eastern Shore, Maryland and Delaware, barrel, $5@6; do, No. 2s, basket, $1@1.25; do, yellows, hamper, No. 1, $1.75@2; yams, fancy, bright, barrel, $5@6.

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red and No. 2 hard, $3.06, and No. 2 mixed durum, $3.01, c. i. f. track New York export

Corn—Spot weak; No. 2 yellow, $1.90, and No. 2 mixed, $1.89, cost and freight New York.

Oats—Spot unsettled; No. 1 white, $1.38 nominal.

Butter—Creamery, higher than extras, 75½@76c; creamery, extras (92 score), 75; firsts (88 to 91 score), 68@74; packing stock, current make No. 2, 42.

Eggs—Storage packed, extra firsts, 47½@48c; do, firsts, 45½@47; fresh gathered, extra firsts, 56@47; do, firsts, 42½@45½; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, firsts to extras, 48@54; State, Pennsylvania and nearby henery browns, extras, 49@50; do, gathered, browns and mixed colors, firsts to extras, 45@49.

Cheese—State, whole milk, flats, held, specials, white and colored, 30@31; do, average run, 28@29; State, whole milk, current make, specials, white and colored, 27½@28; do, average run, 26@27.

PHILADELPHIA.—Corn higher, as to quality and location, $1.75@1.90, the latter for No. 2 yellow.

Oats—Steady; No. 2 white, $1.24@1.25; No. 3 white, $1.22½@1.23½.

Butter—Western creamery, extra, 75c; nearby print, fancy, 83@85.

Cheese—New York full milk, fancy, held, 31@32c; do, fair to choice, 25@30; current make, fancy, held, 33@34.

Eggs—Nearby firsts, $13.35; do, current receipts, $13.20.

LIVE STOCK

CHICAGO.—Cattle—Beef steers, 25c lower; top, $15.75, and bulk, $11@13; cows and heifers steady; bulk, $8@10; calves, late, 50c to 75c lower, mostly at $14@15; only limited trade in feeders.

Hogs—Light, 25c to 35c higher, others 10 to 25 higher; bulk, light, $16.50@16.75, and top, $16.75; bulk, 250 pounders and over, $14.90@15.75.

Sheep—Some wooled lambs, $21.75; shorn, $19; bulk at $18.50@19; prime wooled ewes, $15.50, with bulk at $15.35.

NEW YORK.—Beeves—Steers, $10@14.75; bulls, $8.50@12; cows, $4@11.

Calves—Veals, $18@24; a few at $24.50@25; culls, $14@16; little calves, $15@17; skim-milk calves, $11@13.

Sheep and Lambs—State spring lambs, $14; clipped sheep, $10@14; clipped lambs, $18@21.

Hogs—Light to medium weights, $19.50@20; pigs, $18; roughs, $16.

Hudson and Overland Cars

For Immediate Delivery

HUDSON Super Six, 7 pas,	$2585
" " " 4 "	2585
" 4 door Sedan,	3415
" 3 passenger Coupe,	3590

All prices F. O. B. Middletown

New 4 OVERLAND 5 pas,	$1030
Willeys Knight 5 pas.	2110

DELIVERED

Stewart Trucks, $1350 to $4000

Let us give you a demonstration and we will convince you that we have everything you are looking for in quality.

W. S. Burris

BEAR MIDDLETOWN

MANAGEMENT OF ESTATES

This Company makes a specialty of handling estates—acting as Executor, Trustee, Administrator or Guardian. Having long, practical experience, ample resources, permanentcy and good facilities, it is well prepared to give your estate the best attention and care. It is a wise appointment as Executor or Trustee.

ESTABLISHED 1885

Security Trust & Safe Deposit Co.

SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS
WILMINGTON, DEL.

MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Yours For Service

Merchantile License		Fire	Ins.
Automobile	"	Tornado	"
Marriage	"	Automobile	"
Fishing, Hunting and all other Licenses.		Theft, Transportation, Accident, Collision, Burglar and Plate Glass Insurance.	

Daniel W. Stevens

Justice of the Peace
Notary Public

South Broad Street - Middletown, Delaware

THE TOILET NECESSITIES of the 20th century women are many and varied. There are certain articles which every woman must have. We have them all in large assortment, to say nothing of our patent medicines and drugs. Everything that a druggist sells can be found at our pharmacy. Give us a call.

MIDDLETOWN DRUG CO.
Earnest A. Truitt, Ph. G. Manager
Middletown, Del

Farms For Sale

Acres	Price
160	$ 9,000
139	3,600
284	16,500
143	7,500
219	9,000
260	8,000
125	8,000
154	12,000
40	6,000
54	6,700
349	17,000
193	20,000
146	10,000
137	12,000
120	10,000
150	7,000
100	7,000
292	22,500
116	8,500
227	11,000
335	15,000
182	13,650
100	8,000
22	2,000
House and Store	3,000
House and Store	4,800

John Heldmyer, Jr.

Middletown, - - Delaware

Well Known Folks

Baltimore, Md.—"It has been my pleasure to recommend Dr. Pierce's remedies for the past 37 years and I have never known them to fail. I was suffering with a complication of troubles. I had pains all over my body and my heart seemed weak. I had been doctoring for months with our best doctors and had obtained no relief. I was discouraged and wrote to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., and started taking 'Favorite Prescription,' 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pleasant Pellets.' My health improved from the very start and eventually I was cured of my ailments and was in perfect health."—Mrs. Lydia J. Ewig, 1953 W. Franklin St.

Hinton, W. Va.—"It affords me great pleasure to have the privilege to make public this statement in behalf of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I cannot recommend them too highly to the public. We have used them in our family for years and have reaped good results. We have always found the 'Discovery' superior to any other tonic, as it is a wonderful system builder."—E. J. Carper, Box 4, Bellepoint.

Dr. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y., stands behind this standard medicine. When you take Golden Medical Discovery you are getting the benefit of the experience of a doctor whose reputation goes all around the earth. Still more, you get a temperance medicine.

Take Sulphur Baths at home for

RHEUMATISM

Gout, Eczema, Hives, etc. Right in your own home and at trifling cost, you can enjoy the benefit of healing sulphur baths.

HANCOCK SULPHUR COMPOUND

nature's own blood purifying and skin healing remedy—SULPHUR—prepared in a way to make its use most efficacious. Use it in the bath; use it as a lotion applying to affected parts; and take it internally.

60c and $1.20 the bottle

at your druggist's. If he can't supply you, send his name and the price in stamps and we will send you a bottle direct.

HANCOCK LIQUID SULPHUR COMPANY
Baltimore, Md.

Hancock Sulphur Compound Ointment—25c and 50c—for use with the Liquid Compound

H-L-S
USED FOR THIS TRADE MARK

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
50c. and $1.00 at druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE
Placed anywhere, DAISY FLY KILLER attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed.

DAISY FLY KILLER at your dealer or 5 by EXPRESS, prepaid, $1.25.
HAROLD SOMERS, 159 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Famous Frederick County Lime
A Mine of Wealth to the Farmer
M. J. GROVE LIME COMPANY
Lime Kiln, Frederick County, Maryland

FREE FLORIDA FARMS—25c acre monthly gives farm in our HOME COLONY. Your money given back from profit of our SUGAR AND STOCK FARMS. Free booklet. IDEAL AMERICAN CORPORATION, Johnston, Fla. Short Time Special Offer Dept. A.

OIL AND GAS LEASES IN OCHILTREE AND CALLAHAN COUNTIES, TEXAS. Your opportunity is now. Get 40, 80, 160 a. lease while cheap. Better than any stock. Jno. W. Robbins, Clyde, Callahan County, Texas.

HOSIERY AGENTS—Interesting proposition, whole, part time. Thos. P. Leonard, Lawrence Finishing Co., 4309 Lawrence St., Phila., Pa.

Further Information Desired.

"Thomas Carlyle once said," remarked Professor Pate, "that the motto marked upon our foreheads, writ ten on our doorposts, channeled in the earth and wafted upon the waves is and must be, 'Labor is honorable and idleness dishonorable.'"

"Well, what is the rest of it?" snapped old Festus Pester. "Didn't he add—'for the other fellow'—or something of the kind?"—Kansas City Star.

Unless the past has enabled us to master the present, we will be slaves to the future.

You can't be mean and happy any more than an apple can be sour and sweet.

Deny self for self's sake.—Benjamin Franklin.

STRENGTHLESS SEEMED DYING

So Weak She Could Hardly Move, Says Indiana Lady.—One Bottle of Cardui Put Her on the Road to Recovery.

Tangier, Ind.—"Four years ago this summer I was sick in bed," writes Mrs. Lillie McElwee, of this place. "I had been under the doctor's care for five weeks. . . . I was pretty bad, and I was just as nervous as I could be. . . . I could not sleep at night until 10 or 12 o'clock. When I would doze off and wake up I would be all of a tremble with nervousness.

"The doctor called my trouble catarrh of the . . . It gave me such pains that at each one it would seem that I could not bear another one. Then I would chill . . . the pains would just seem to shake me all over, and the next day I would be so weak I could hardly move. I would be so utterly strengthless that it would seem as if I were dying.

"After one of my bad spells . . . and I had almost died, I picked up the Home Treatment Book and decided to try Cardui. Before I had taken a whole bottle, I could sleep at night . . . I don't remember just how long, but in a short time I was up and helping with the work . . ."

Over forty years of successful use has proven the value of Cardui in the treatment of many common female ailments.

All druggists sell Cardui, for women. —Adv.

Star-Spangled British Product.

It came recently to the attention of the American chamber of commerce in London that a British firm was using the American flag and words and phrases indicating American origin for the advertising, container and bottle labels of a wholly British preparation. Communication of this fact to the British board of trade saw all traditions of departmental red tape shattered when the board of trade rang up by telephone instead of following the usual formal tortuous channels of communication. After obtaining further particulars the firm concerned was called to account and has agreed to refrain from the objectionable practice in future.—The Nation's Business.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

The Mysterious Fascination.

"I don't approve of some of these popular songs," remarked the severe person.

"You don't have to pay any attention to those you disapprove."

"Oh, yes I do. That's the worst of it. They are the very ones that keep running through my head."

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills contain nothing but vegetable ingredients, which act gently as a tonic and purgative by stimulation and not by irritation.—Adv.

Fitting Action.

"What did they do when the speakeasy caught fire?"

"Sent in a still alarm."

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Now the Neighbors Can Sleep.

"Has your dog license expired?"

"Yes, and so has the dog."—Boston Transcript.

Some people believe that divorces are made in heaven and marriages in the other place.

He surely is most in want of another's patience who has none of his own.—Lavater.

Prosperity brings with it an intoxication which inferior natures never resist.—Balzac.

One of the first essentials to success is to know what you are trying to do.

An office holder who has a pull doesn't generate much push.

NAME "BAYER" ON GENUINE ASPIRIN

Take tablets only as told in each "Bayer" package.

BAYER

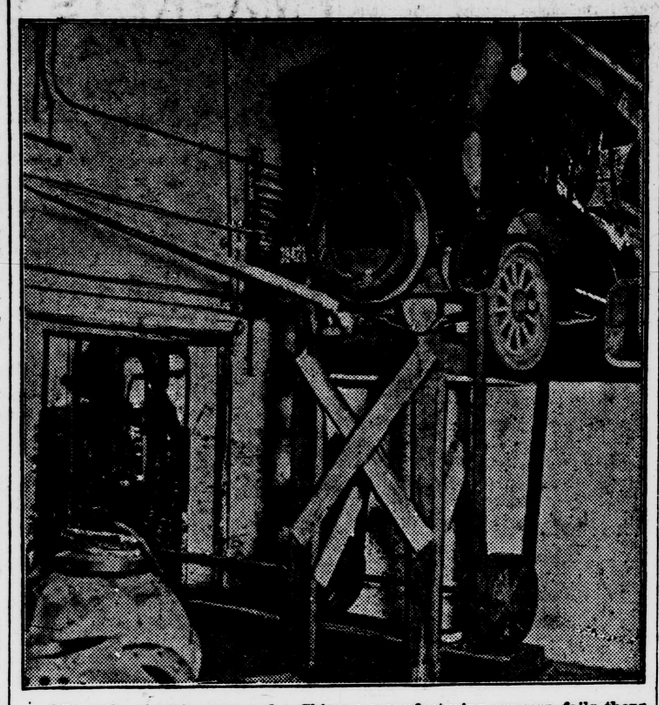
John Hancock

The "Bayer Cross" is the signature of the true "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." The name "Bayer" is only on genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.

In every handy "Bayer" package are proper directions for Pain, Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuritis.

Tin boxes of 12 tablets cost only a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES CHICAGO FACTORY WITH CURRENT FOR LIGHTING AND POWER



When the electric power of a Chicago manufacturing concern fails there will be no let up in the work as a result of a twelve-day experiment recently completed. George Davis, president of the company, set his automobile up on a platform, substituted pulleys on the rear axle shafts for the wheels and connected these pulleys to the factory power shaft. But the belts slipped and the auto wheels and tires were replaced. The car then ran a 220-volt generator 24 hours a day for 12 days, supplying the factory with current for light and power without any curtailment in the plant's output.

CARE OF BRAKES PREVENTS WEAR

Equalization and Proper Attention of Car's Machinery Are Explained.

NEGLECT OF CONTROL RODS

Clevises and Other Parts Are Not Provided With Any Means of Lubrication—Become Quite Noisy and Rattlesome.

The automobile owner is hardly to be blamed because he neglects the brake and control linkage on his car. It is all beneath the chassis, and it is certainly not arranged in such a way he can give it any marked attention. The clevises, and other parts of the points of the control rods are not provided with any means of lubrication, so that there seems to be little or nothing that the owner can do to take care of this part of the car.

Yet it is the brake and control-rods which eventually become the most noisy and rattlesome parts of the car. The little yoke connections with which the little ends of the rods are held together, become full of grit and are naturally bound to wear.

The connections through which the brakes are operated are simple and easy to follow. The pedal or lever is pivoted and connected with a set of rods and linkage arranged in such a way as to transmit the motion of the foot or hand in reduced and hence more powerful leverage to the brake mechanism.

Brake Adjustment.

In adjusting brakes some precautions must be kept in mind. In the case of the foot-brake, which is generally the external or contracting type, the bands bear on the exterior of the drums in securing the braking effect. There is generally an adjustment on the exterior part of the brake itself where the adjustment can be made without any danger of changing the throw of the linkage. This is very important, because if the throw or centers of the links are changed in their relationship they will be affected by the motion of the springs.

Perhaps you have noticed in some cars that if you watch the brake-pedal, it will move in or out as the car springs are deflected. The reason for this is that the rod which connects the brake linkage with the brake operating units, or, in other words, the last link in the chain of rods is centered so that the upward and downward motion of the chassis centers about such a point in relation to the pivot point of the rod that it becomes relatively longer or shorter and consequently moves the brake mechanism.

There are a great many manufacturers who are not putting equalizers on their cars and in these makes it is very essential to see that the brakes are adjusted uniformly.

How to Test Brakes.

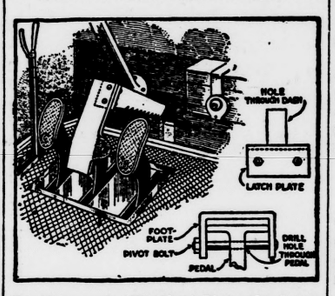
An easy way to test the brakes is to drive at about ten miles an hour while some one is watching the car. Apply the brake slightly and allow the observer to note if one wheel was locked before the other. If so, tighten the adjustment on the last wheel to lock and try it again. The test can be made on any kind of a road where the surface beneath each wheel is the same. A flat piece of asphalt makes a very good place to hold such a test.

SHEET STEEL PLATE HOLDS SPEED PEDAL

Handy Device When Driving Car at Moderate Rate.

Saw-Tooth Edge Engages Lip, Ratchet-Fashion, Regardless of Wear on Lining of Band—Wearisome Task Is Avoided.

In using a car with planetary transmission, it was found wearisome to keep the low-speed pedal down by foot pressure when driving uphill or traveling through sand or mud. The pedal was therefore equipped with a piece of ¼-in. sheet steel, with ears or flanges on both sides, by means of which it was pivoted on a small pin fitted through a hole drilled in the pedal just below the pad. A long piece of ¼-in. sheet steel, with a number of



By Means of a Toothed Plate the Low-Speed Pedal of an Automobile Is Held Down Without Pressure From the Driver's Foot.

teeth at the end which engage a steel lip screwed to the car dash, was fitted to the back of this member. The saw-tooth edge engaged the lip, ratchet-fashion, regardless of the wear on the lining of the band which the low-speed pedal tightens around the drum in the transmission.

To engage the teeth, the driver pushes the pedal forward until the car is on low speed, and then, with an upward movement of the knee, he causes the teeth to engage. To release the pedal, the pressure is applied on the portion of the plate just below the pivot, so that the teeth rise and disengage. When driving under ordinary conditions, the driver's foot prevents the teeth from dropping to the level of the lip, and if he wishes to travel on low speed for a few minutes, he presses the pedal forward in the usual way; but whenever he finds it necessary to travel for a considerable distance on low speed, the teeth are allowed to fall, thus engaging the lip.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

AUTOMOBILE HINTS

Men who wash their own cars will find a spray brush handy.

* * *

The wise owner will each year clean the exhaust system thoroughly.

* * *

Air leaks are a common cause of misfiring, though they are often overlooked.

* * *

No good tire of standard make will be cut by any standard rim if properly used.

* * *

The choking devices now supplied with most good cars make starting easy even in the coldest weather.

* * *

There is more wear reported on the side walls of the right tires, due to the increasing use of the left side drive.

Spring Coats.

It is a matter of choice this year whether or not a coat is lined. The materials popular during the winter, duvetyn, peachbloom and similar weaves, are equally good for spring coats, sans lining or with a new silk lining which is very suitable for the purpose. But not all the new coats are long. Any number of three-quarter models are no more than suit length. These very short coats are in box effects with flaring sleeves and usually have pretty colored linings which serve also to face revers and collars. Long or short, all coats are of comfortable width and retain a straight-line appearance.

Ribbon-Trimmed Etons.

A cheerful touch for a navy serge made with Eton jacket is introduced in the use of cerise picoted ribbon which edges the skirt tunic and the lapped across jacket ends, under which shows a white pique waistcoat. The turn-back cuffs and collar are also pique.

URIC ACID IN MEAT CLOGS THE KIDNEYS

Take a Glass of Salts if Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers.

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sours, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush off the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.—Adv.

A Worthwhile Job.

A pessimist and an optimist were discussing life from their different viewpoints. "I really believe," said the former, "that I could make a better world myself."

"Sure!" returned the optimist. "That's what we are here for. Now, let us get to work and do it."—Boston Transcript.

"DIAMOND DYES" DON'T RUIN YOUR MATERIAL

Women! Don't Buy a Poor Dye That Fades, Streaks, or Runs.

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any women can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into worn, shabby garments, draperies, coverings, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed even if you have never dyed before. Druggist has color card.—Adv.

A Regular Dog.

He was looking for a good canine companion and had answered an advertisement in the newspaper. The following conversation ensued:

"You advertised a sensible dog for sale?"

"Yep."

"What do you mean by a sensible dog?"

"This pup has never had a ribbon around his neck and has never ridden in a limousine since the day he was born. He's a happy-hearted, bone-burying, cat-chasing, 100 per cent dog."—Houston Post.

Why Charles Left Home.

"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "I feel that I am developing a sense of humor. I have made up something about prohibition. Does a bootlegger——?"

"Yes, yes! Go on!"

"Does a bootlegger suffer much—you know they used to say those who trifle with liquor got tight; I'm explaining as I go along."

"If it's a secret, don't tell it."

"Well, this is it: Does a bootlegger suffer much from tight shoes?"

Must Have His Smoke.

Husband (newly married)—Don't you think, love, if I smoke it would spoil the curtains?

Wife—Ah, you are really the most unselfish and thoughtful husband to be found anywhere! Certainly it would.

Husband—Well, take the curtains down.—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

The Real Term.

"I wrote up those athletic achievements from some magazine footnotes."

"I should call them feat notes."

A success is anybody who is doing useful work well.

WRIGLEYS

The children love Wrigley's—and it's good for them.

Made under conditions of absolute cleanliness and brought to them in Wrigley's sealed sanitary package.

Satisfies the craving for sweets, aids digestion, sweetens breath, allays thirst and helps keep teeth clean.

Costs little, benefits much.

HORSES COUGHING? USE
Spohn's Distemper Compound
to break it up and get them back in condition. Twenty-six years' use has made "Spohn's" indispensable in treating Coughs and Colds, Influenza and Distemper, with their resulting complications, and all diseases of the throat, nose and lungs. Acts marvelously as a preventive, acts equally well as a cure. 50 cents and $1.15 per bottle at drug stores.
SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY. Goshen, Ind.

MOST PROLIFIC HYMN WRITER

Fanny Crosby Credited With the Composition of More than 6,000 Popular Religious Lyrics.

Fanny Crosby, the blind writer of more than 6,000 hymns, had an interesting if uneventful career, according to a recent sketch in "Along Broadway," musical magazine. She lost her eyesight when only six years old and 12 years later, at the New York Institute for the Blind, she met and fell in love with the blind musician, Alexander Van Alstyne. They were married and lived happily. Mrs. Van Alstyne afterward becoming a teacher at the institute.

Many of Fanny Crosby's best known hymns are to be found in the popular Moody and Sankey gospel hymn books. The simple earnestness and true religious spirit of her hymns make them as popular as ever. Some of the best, including "Jesus Is Calling," "Only a Step to Jesus," "Come, Great Deliverer" and others have been sung by great artists and recorded for the phonograph.

Hospitals for Incurables.

The establishment in the United States of at least four hospitals for incurables, to be under church control, is an important recommendation in the hospital program now being mapped out by the interchurch world movement.

Acme of Activity.

Joshua performed his little stunt.

"Bet you couldn't make a favorite son stand still," we taunted.

COUNTRY OF BEE KEEPERS

In Lithuania the Production of Honey Has Become an Important National Industry.

In Lithuania, when a bee stings a man he turns the other cheek.

And almost literally, at that, because it is a sin to kill a bee, and no one ever commits that sin intentionally. As a result of their natural fondness for bees, Lithuanians, with the growth of their economic system, have developed bee raising from a general social custom to an important industry. Thousands of barrels of honey are exported from Lithuania annually.

Almost everyone in Lithuania has at least one bee hive. Sometimes they have thousands of swarms. But it is common even in the cities to have a man serve you midus that is made from the honey gathered in his garden hive. Midus, the national drink of Lithuania, is made from fermented honey.

Kismet.

"I don't want you to answer now, Miss Pippin. Think the matter over at your leisure and let me know what your decision is."

"I'm afraid I can never marry you, Mr. Dobson."

"Are you quite sure?"

"Oh, yes. For a while I thought I might consent, but you began to grow one of those tooth brush mustaches and then I knew it could never be."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Patience is the art of hoping.—Vauvenargues.

25 Cents
will buy
a big package of
POSTUM CEREAL
weighing over a pound, net.
What are you paying for coffee?